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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
8	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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10	DEREK MATTHEWS,	No. 2:20-cv-2515 JAM DB P
11	Plaintiff,	
12	v.	<u>ORDER</u>
13	EDMUND G. BROWN, et al.,	
14	Defendants.	
15		
16	Plaintiff, a state prisoner proceeding pro se with a civil rights action, has requested	
17	appointment of counsel.	
18	The United States Supreme Court has ruled that district courts lack authority to require	
19	counsel to represent indigent prisoners in § 1983 cases. Mallard v. United States Dist. Court, 490	
20	U.S. 296, 298 (1989). In certain exceptional circumstances, the district court may request the	
21	voluntary assistance of counsel pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1). Terrell v. Brewer, 935 F.2d	
22	1015, 1017 (9th Cir. 1991); Wood v. Housewright, 900 F.2d 1332, 1335-36 (9th Cir. 1990).	
23	The test for exceptional circumstances requires the court to evaluate the plaintiff's	
24	likelihood of success on the merits and the ability of the plaintiff to articulate his claims pro se in	
25	light of the complexity of the legal issues involved. See Wilborn v. Escalderon, 789 F.2d 1328,	
26	1331 (9th Cir. 1986); Weygandt v. Look, 718 F.2d 952, 954 (9th Cir. 1983). Circumstances	
27	common to most prisoners, such as lack of legal education and limited law library access, do not	
28	establish exceptional circumstances that would warrant a request for voluntary assistance of	
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## counsel. In the present case, the court does not find the required exceptional circumstances. Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that plaintiff's motion for the appointment of counsel (ECF No. 111) is denied. Dated: October 8, 2021 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE DLB7 matt2515.31